

WW2 started on 1st
september 1939

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

Slovakia started WW2.

- TRUE
- B.) FALSE

The big three was formed by
Roosevelt, Churchill and
Stalin.

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

Before 1939, the Slovak
republic was called the
Slovak state.

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

Ferdinand Ďurčanský was a
hockey player who won gold
medail in 2002.

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

Was Hitler called Aurel by his
second name?

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

Did Germany support
disintegration of
Czechoslovakia?

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

Prochorovka was the biggest
tank battle in WW2.

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

WW2 ended in Europe in 1945
2.9.

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

Roosevelt was the most successful president of USA.

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

Nikola Pašić was russian politician.

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

Before WW2 in Europe there were 17 monarchies.

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

Ferdinand Čatloš was a soldier.

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

At the end of WW2 many new states were created in Europe.

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

One of the first states were Finland and Hungary.

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

Germany did not agreed with treaty of Versailles.

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

ZSSR means association of Zambia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Russia.

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

WW2 endThe greatest friends of the Germans during WW2 were Jews. ed in Europe in 1945 2.9.

- A.) TRUE
- B.) FALSE

**Mussolini was Italian
dictator.**

A.) TRUE

B.) FALSE

**Did Stalin wanted to expand the
soviet union territory to Baltic
states, middle and southwestern
Europe?**

A.) TRUE

B.) FALSE

Who was Ferdinand Čatloš?

- A.) general in Germany
- B.) soldier
- C.) minister of defence in Italy

What does the term diplomatic note mean?

- A.) note that a diplomat receives
- B.) official diplomatic announcement from government
- C.) note from government that is adressed to people

Who was Arthur Neville Chamberlain?

- A.) british politician
- B.) american politician
- C.) president of Great Britian

Who of these politicians had the most aggressive plans?

- A.) Mussolini
- B.) Stalin
- C.) Hitler

Which state was annected to the Third reich in March 1938?

- A.) Austria
- B.) Slovakia
- C.) Poland

In March 1939, a new state was formed in middle Europe. Which one?

- A.) Slovak republic
- B.) Slovak state
- C.) Hungary

How long has Japan been trying to control Asia?

- A.) 10 years
- B.) 50 years
- C.) 30 years

Who wanted to conquer Egypt?

- A.) Germany
- B.) Great Britain
- C.) Italia

Where was Hitler hiding before he committed suicide?

- A.) Poland
- B.) Berlin
- C.) Dublin

In whose hands was the political power in Slovakia?

- A.) Hitler
- B.) HSĽS
- C.) Stalin

Against who fought Great Britain in Africa?

- A.) Italy
- B.) Germany
- C.) Hungary

What does demilitarization mean?

- A.) to cancel army's power at certain place
- B.) take away power of general
- C.) to end war

Where did the front line move in the last stage of war?

- A.) east Europe
- B.) south Europe
- C.) the middle of Europe

Who was Josip Broz Tito?

- A.) south slovan marshal.
- B.) italian politician
- C.) german general

By whom were the southern parts of Slovakia occupied ?

- A.) Germany
- B.) Hungary
- C.) Austria

How much of Slovakia was captured by the Slovak national uprising?

- A.) $\frac{2}{3}$
- B.) $\frac{3}{5}$
- C.) $\frac{1}{4}$

How were the homosexuals marked at concentration camps?

- A.) blue upside-down triangle
- B.) red upside-down triangle
- C.) pink upside-down triangle

What was the name of the invasion of Normandy?

- A.) operation Barbarossa
- B.) Operation Overlord
- C.) Operation Torch

Who was Vojtech Tuka?

- A.) czech lawyer.
- B.) slovak diplomat
- C.) slovak politician and lawyer

Which code expelled jews from school and work?

- A.) nacistic code
- B.) jewish code
- C.) hitler's code

What SNP means ?

Slovak national revolt/rise

**Which states
avoided deportations
of Jews?**

Denmark, Bulgaria, Italia

Who was Mussolini?

Italian dictator

**What was the Slovak republic
trying to achieve in a so-called
little war with Hungary ?**

To get back to their territory

**Who wanted to expand the
soviet union territory to
Baltic states, middle and
southwestern Europe?**

Stalin

**The man that had the most
spacious and aggressive
plans was called ?**

Hitler

**Who was chief president after
Arthur Neville Chamberlain
resigned ?**

Wiston Churchill

**Which states belonged to the Holy
Roman empire of the German
nation?**

**Austria, Czech republic, Moravia and part of
Poland**

**Which states were the
aggressors in the 1st phase
of war ?**

Germany, Italy, Soviet union

What upside down green triangle meant on prisoners?

Criminals

What was the name of secret police in Germany?

Gestapo

Which ideology became preferred in the states occupied by Germany?

German-nacistic ideology

Which concentration camp had the highest number of killed people ?

Osvienčim

The state that accepted fundamental law on 21 of july in 1939 and became satelite state of Germany was called ?

Slovak state

Between which 2 neighbouring states was so called „small/ little war“ around in 1944?

Hungary and Slovakia

Who were the first people to be deported?

Jews

Where did the Jews stay after they were deported?

Concentration camps

In what kind of conditions were they living in?

Starving, hard-work, abuse

**How do we call those states
that formally stayed neutral
against Germany, but they
submitted to it to a certain
extent ?**

Satellites of Germany

What ZSSR means?

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

Move 3 steps forward

**Name the whole alphabet in
less than 8 seconds**

Move 1 step back

**Say 3 things starting with
letter A**

Move 1 step forward

Do 3 push-ups

**Say 3 things starting with
letter D**

Do 10 jumping jacks

**Name 3 animals starting
with letter A**

Make 10 squats

**Name 3 animals starting
with letter B**

Skip 1 round

**Say 3 things starting with
letter F**

Move 2 steps back

Go back to the start

**Say 3 things starting with
letter B**

Sing a song

**Perform your favourite
dance move**



Skip 2 rounds



Make 10 jumps

When did F.D.Roosevelt die?

1945

When did the armies of west allies land in France?

june 1944

How many Slovaks fought in Slovak national uprising?

60 000

When Slovak national uprising started?

29th august 1944

When Germany attacked Poland?

1st of september 1939

In which year Germany capitulated ?

8th of may 1945

How many Jews were violently sent by the Slovak government to the "death camps"?

58 000 Jews

When was Christmas agreement program adopted by SNR?

in december 1943

In which year Stalin occupied the Baltic States and Hitler started his attack towards the west?

1940

When did the Second World War end in Europe?

9.5. 1945

When did the Second World War end in the World?

2.9. 1945

In which year took place the longest battle of WW2 in Leningrad?

1941

In which year USA dropped atomic bombs on Hiroshima and Nagasaki?

9.8. 1945

What was the number of victims of this disaster?

250 thousand

When did Hitler commit suicide?

30th of april 1943

When did the battle of Stalingrad take place?

january of 1943

When the WW2 officially started?

1st september 1939

How many workers yearly worked in Germany?

around 40 000

**When the war started in
Pacific?**

7th december 1941

**When did German
started shooting on
Revuca?**

1945